Daily British Colonist.

SEVENTEENTH YEAR. | VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 21, 1875. | VOL. XXXIII NO. 110

Daily British Colonist

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY, MONDAY EXCEPTED.

DAVID W. HIGGINS, Proprietor.

COLONIST BUILDING—Government Street, 1st Door North of the New Post Office Building.

TERMS—INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST—Per Year, (subject to Postage)..... $10.
Parts of a Year at the same Rate.
Per Week (if delivered)..... 25 Cents.
THE WEEKLY BRITISH COLONIST—Per Year (Postage paid to any part of the Province).....$5.
Parts of a Year at the same Rate.
Issued every Tuesday morning in time for the Mails.

Miscellaneous.

MINERS, FARMERS, LUMBERMEN, Contractors & others, READ! MARK! LEARN!

tHa tUc AnpR oCur Efr omW j je ffr eeCo rnEr ofYateSAN Dgov Er nm EnT st ree tSV ict oRia afIne a sso Rtm Ent ofC Lothi Ng unDe RC Lo thi Ng aN Dgen Tlem En's fUrn isHi Ng gOO dS ConS isTi Ng of germ anS UiTs aMer I CanS UiTs cAna Dia Ns UiTs a Nd eNgl isHs UiTs in woRs Ted BeaV eRT wee Dmel Ton milLed aNd wes Tof eNgl aNd Broa Del OthS Tal LhaTs loWh aTs nar rowh aTs wid EhaTs Blackh aTs Whi Teh aTs Dra bH aTs bRo wNh aTs. Clo Ths HirTs fLan Ne Lsh irTs boiL Eds HirTs FanC ys HirTs a Nd alLo Therk Inds oFs HirTs.

HeH asj Ustr EceIv edAl Arge Loto fgOO dss UiTa Ble forT He FaL la Ndw InTer. Ove Rco Ats a Nd waT terp Roof gOo Dsin gre At vari ety REMEMBER Thes Ego Ods Arem Arke din PLAIN FIGURES att He lowe stpo ss iblepriceforcash andhis motto is

ONE PRICE & NO ABATEMENT.
se10

Observe! Observe! Observe!

HAVING LEASED THE SPACIOUS PREMises next to that lately occupied by me, and having removed thereto, I am now prepared to buy goods of all descriptions, New and Second-hand.

Parties leaving orders at my store will be waited upon at their residence.

The Highest Cash Price paid for

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING.

RICHARD HAGGERTY,
Store Street, between Cormorant and Johnson
ap3

FREDERICK REYNOLDS
FAMILY
BUTCHER,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Meats and Vegetables,

PURVEYOR BY APPOINTMENT TO HER MAJESTY ROYAL NAVY.

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF ISLAND and Mainland BEEF AND MUTTON constantly on hand.

Hotels, Restaurants and Families supplied at short notice, and Meats delivered FREE OF CHARGE to any part of the City or Suburbs with accuracy and dispatch

Ships and Steamers supplied by contract LOW.

mh10 LONDON MARKET

WHARF BUILDING.

THE UNDERSIGNED, WHARF-BUILDER and STEVEDORE, of fifteen years' experience in that business on Puget Sound, and having the best appointed

Double Engine Steam Pile-Driver on the Pacific Coast,

Will Build Wharves, Load Vessels with Spars Lumber or Piles, and will go to any part of Puget Sound, or to Vancouver Island. Address:

H. A. ATKINS,
Seattle, Washington Territory.

N. B.—Cargoes of Piles furnished at Short Notice.
ja20 6mdw

F. NEUFELDER & CO.

(ROYAL HOTEL BUILDING)

WHARF STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

Commission Merchants

And Importers of

AMERICAN, CANADIAN AND EUROPEAN GOODS,

SOLE AGENTS FOR

LEVI STRAUSS & CO'S

PATENT CLOTHING.

N. B.—This Patent is secured for the United States, Canada, England & Germany.
mh21

Ld. Lowenberg,

Real Estate Agent

Government St., near Corner of Broughton.

WILL PAY PARTICULAR ATTENTION to selling, purchasing and leasing property; in negotiating loans and transacting everything connected with Real Estate business.

Maps of all the different Districts on the Island may be seen at his office. Parties desirous of purchasing homesteads, or making investments, will find on his Bulletin Board Town Lots on nearly every street, Farming or Gardening Land in every District, some, of which affords rare chance for investment.

Money on bond and mortgage to loan in sums to suit the demands.

Conveyances of every description done at reasonable rates. de14

Insurance.

THE ACCIDENT

INSURANCE COMPANY

Of Canada.

INSURES AGAINST ACCIDENTAL DEATH or Injury on Land or Sea,

FOR ONE DAY, OR ONE YEAR.

T. ALLSOP & CO., Victoria,

AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA.
fe21 1mdw

CANADA GUARANTEE COMP'Y.

PRESIDENT—SIR A. T. GALT.
VICE PRESIDENT—JOHN RANKIN, Esq.
MANAGER—EDWARD RAWLINGS, Esq.

DEVOTED TO THE ISSUING OF BONDS of Suretyship for Government Officers and Officers of Banks, and Commercial Institutions generally.

By this system the necessity for private suretyship if abolished.

The Premiums are trifling in comparison with the benefits conferred.

T. ALLSOP & CO.,

Government St., Victoria, Agents for British Columbia. mh7 1mdw

The Standard
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

GOVERNOR:
HIS GRACE THE DUKE OF BUCCLEUCH AND QUEENSBERRY, K. G.

DEPUTY GOVERNORS:
THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF DALKEITH, M.P.
THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF STAIR, K. T.

PRINCIPAL OFFICES.

3 and 5 George Street, Edinburgh.
82 King William Street, | London.
3 Pall Mall, East, |
66 Upper Sackville Street, Dublin.

MANAGER & ACTUARY—Wm. Thos. Thompson, F.R.S.E
COLONIAL & FOREIGN SECRETARY—D. Clunie Gregor.

Total Amount of Invested Funds, £4,095,589 16 2.

Annual Revenue, £703,456 19 9.

AGENTS IN VICTORIA.

STAHLSCHMIDT & CO.
je15 Wharf Street

Imperial Fire Insurance COMPANY.

1 Old Broad Street and 16 Pall Mall, LONDON,

Instituted, 1803.

FOR INSURING HOUSES AND OTHER Buildings, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Manufacturing and Farming Stock, Ships in Port, Harbor or Dock, and the Cargoes of such ships; also, Ships building or repairing, Barges or other Vessels, on navigable rivers and canals, and Goods on board such vessels, throughout Great Britain and Ireland, and in FOREIGN COUNTRIES, from loss or damage by Fire.

Subscribed and Invested Capital—One Million Six Hundred Thousand Pounds.

Risks Accepted at Current Rates of Premium.

WELCH, RITHET & Co.,
Agents for British Columbia
my10 And Washington Territory.

THE UNION INSURANCE COMP'Y

Of San Francisco.

MARINE.

Capital Stock - - - - $750,000.

For Insuring Merchandise, Treasure, Commissions, Profits, &c. For Information, Rates of Premium, &c., &c., apply to

STAHLSCHMIDT & Co.
'Jy15 3m Agents.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY,

ESTABLISHED, 1809.

CAPITAL, $2,000,000 STERLING,
Accumulated Funds - - £3,286,126,
LOSSES SETTLED WITH PROMPTITUDE AND LIBERALITY.

T. ALLSOP & CO., Agents,
no1 Government street.

Ward's Hair Restorative,

WARRANTED TO CLEANSE SCURF and Dandruff from the head,

RESTORE THE HAIR

nd prevents it from falling off.

Mr. N. T. WARD, Proprietor.

MRS. N. T. WARD offers her services to the Ladies of Victoria who wish to try this Hair Restorative.

Sold at my HAIR DRESSING SALOON, on Johnson street, third door from Government st. fe4

Ayer's Hair Vigor
FOR RESTORING GREY HAIR

TO ITS NATURAL VITALITY & COLOR

Advancing years, sickness, care, disappointment, and hereditary disposition, all turn the hair gray, and either of them incline it to shed prematurely.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR, by long and extensive use, has proven that it stops the falling of the hair immediately; often renews the growth, and always surely restores its color, when faded or gray It stimulates the nutritive organs to healthy activity, and preserves both the hair and its beauty. Thus brashy, weak or sickly hair becomes glossy, pliable and strengthened; lost hair regrows with lively expression; falling hair is checked and stablished; thin hair thickens; and faded or gray hair resume their original color. Its operation is sure and harmless. It cures dandruff, heals all humors, and keeps the scalp cool, clean and soft—under which conditions diseases of the scalp are impossible.

As a dressing for ladies' hair, the VIGOR is praised for its grateful and agreeable perfume, and valued for the soft lustre and richness of tone it imparts.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.
no25 6meod4w

ELI HARRISON, Jr.,

Barrister-at-Law & Notary Public,

Masonic Building.

GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.
ap11

For Sale—To Let.

NOTICE.

HOMESTEAD LOTS.

MR. PATTERSON, L. S., HAVING FInished the Survey of the Plot of ground between Government street and Bridge street, part of the Work Estate, parties desirous of acquiring

Eligible Building Lots

Will please apply to

H. F. HEISTERMAN,
mh23 Agent to the Work Estate, Langley St.

Old Established Brewery and Saloon For Sale.

THE SALOON AND BREWERY OF THE undersigned, established in 1861 and situated on the Esquimalt Road, half-way between Victoria and Esquimalt, is offered for sale low.

The Buildings are well finished and commodious. The plant of the Brewery is most complete. The land comprises about Two Acres all under fence. There are three never failing Wells of fine Spring Water on the Premises and every appliance for the immediate commencement of Brewing by a Company or Firm with a small capital. Reason for selling, retiring from business.

For particulars apply on the premises.

J. BLAND,
oc17 Half-way House, Esquimalt Road.

NORFOLK FARM, PEDDER BAY, FOR SALE.

THIS FARM CONTAINS 204 ACRES; 70 acres of which are under cultivation.

The Dwelling-house is substantial and contains Eight Rooms. There are commodious Barns, the usual Outhouses, Dairy, etc.

Two never failing streams of water course through the farm; one stream will run a mill ten months in the year.

The property will be sold on advantageous terms. Arrangements may be made for the purchase of the Stock and Farming Implements. Apply to

A. BUNSTER,
Johnson st., Victoria.
Or to E. VINE,
oc20dw On the premises.

To Let or Lease.

A SMALL FARM IN AN OUTLYING DISTrict. Terms easy. For particulars apply at
ap7 1mdw THIS OFFICE.

Farm to Lease.

A FARM CONTAINING 160 ACRES OF Land in the Township of Langley, all Prairie, 50 acres are fenced and 15 acres laid down in grass. The productive quality of this land is well known to be the best in the Province. The weight of oats raised from the land last year was 45lbs. per bushel. The whole farm is now under contract to be fenced in. There is a new House containing 4 rooms upstairs, with kitchen and dairy attached. The Stock consists of 10 first class Milch Cows, 2 Yoke of Oxen and 28 head of different ages. This Stock has been selected from the Hudson Bay Company's large herd The Farm Implements are all new. The whole will be let to a reliable party on advantageous terms.

Apply to the proprietor, H WARK,
mh7 1mdw H.B. Co., Langley.

Fence Posts For Sale!

10,000 SPLIT CEDAR POSTS, for sale CHEAP in quantities to suit.

MUIRHEAD & MANN,
mh25 Yates street.

Farm to Let

AT HEAD OF VICTORIA ARM FOR A term of years at a LOW RENTAL.

There is a Fine House and Good Buildings. About 40 acres under cultivation. Apply to

DR. TOLMIE, Cloverdale;
Or to DRAKE & JACKSON,
ap15 Bastion street.

To Let.

A COMFORTABLE HOUSE, STABLE, Outhouses, Garden, two Meadows and good well of water. Rent $16 per month. Apply to

A. A. GREEN,
ap18 At Wells, Fargo & Co's, Yates st.

ON HING,

Dealer in

Groceries, Dry Goods,

Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Hats and Caps HAS REMOVED

To Johnson street, one door East of Eastman's Butcher Shop.

Manufactures Drawers, Undershirts, Overalls, etc., which he offers for sale by Wholesale and Retail, at Low Rates. ja11 2m

JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT

Corner of Fort and Langley Streets,

p3 VICTORIA, B. C.

DR. MA CHOO TSUNG,

(FROM CANTON)

Surgeon and Physician,

CORMORANT ST., opp. Orleans Hotel.

CERTIFIED BY ENGLISH AND AMERIcan Consuls at Canton as being duly qualified, respectfully solicits the attention of the afflicted.
no11 1m

PIANOS! PIANOS! MUSIC! MUSIC!

A LARGE ASSORTMENT JUST ARRIVed Ex Lady Gertrude, for Sale or Hire at

BAGNALL'S MUSIC REPOSITORY,
13 Fort Street,

These Pianos are manufactured expressly for this Climate, and warranted durable, equal to any made. And for brilliancy of tone and elasticity of touch cannot be surpassed.

MASON & HAMLIN'S ORGANS,

English and French Harmoniums, and a large assortment of Musical Instruments, together with a well selected stock of Book and Sheet Music most Popular Piano Music and Songs of the day, arriving by every mail.

Violins, Concertions, Accordeans, best Roman Strings for all Instruments. Piano Stools, Canteburies, Whatnots and Music Stands.

Also, to arrive ex Brierly Hill, Lady Lampson and Prince of Wales, English, German and French Pianos and Harmoniums direct from the manufactory.

ORDERS for Music and Musical Instruments promptly attended to.

Pianos and all kinds of Instruments Tuned and thoroughly repaired. no1

REMOVAL.

Malcolm McClarty

FASHIONABLE

BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,

Has Removed to Johnson Street, two doors below Government Street.
ap9

J. FINLAYSON,
FAMILY GROCER

Tea and Coffee Dealer,

Fort street.

BEST JAVA COFFEE FRESH ROASTED and ground daily.

Goods delivered to any part of the city. je10

Postal.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

Arrival and Closing of Mails at Victoria.

MAILS.	ARRIVE.	CLOSE.
Canada, Great Britain Europe, and U. S., via San Francisco	About the 10th and 25th of each Month	About the 12th and 27th of each month.
Do. via Tacoma	Monday and Thursday 3 P.M.	Tuesday and Friday 8:30 A.M.
New Westminster	Wednesday 3 P.M.	Tuesday at 7:30 A.M.
Cariboo and Intermediate Offices.	Saturday 3 P.M.	Friday 7.30 A.M.
Nanaimo and East Coast Offices	Thursday at 5 P.M.	Monday at 6.30 P.M.
Esquimalt	Daily at 10:30 A.M. and 2:30 P.M.	Daily, at 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.
Metchosin	Monday, 1 P. M.	Tuesday, 12 Noon.
Saanich	Thursday, 10 A. M.	Wednesday, 9 A.M.
Sooke	Monday, 3 P.M.	Tuesday, 9 A.M.

Letters for Registration must be posted half an hour before closing of each mail.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, and at the offices at Barkerville, Clinton, Nanaimo, New Westminster and Yale, in this Province, can be obtained at this office.

OFFICE HOURS—From 8 A. M. to 7 P. M.
FOR MONEY ORDERS—From 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

HENRY WOOTTON, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, VICTORIA, 1st Nov., 1874. no4

NEW GOODS

— EX —

Brierly Hill, Lady Lampson and Clifton.

We have received large shipments of Goods by the above vessels. Our Stock of

HOUSE Furnishing Goods

Is Now Complete.

10,000 pieces of Wall Paper of the newest patterns, Paper Lining, Door Mats, Cocoa and China Matting, Window Blinds, Floor and Table Oil Cloths, Linoleum, China, and Children's Tea Sets, Brown Tea Pots,

Glassware & Crockery

Plated Ware, and Cutlery, Warming Pans, Hot Water Foot Warmers for Beds and Carriages, Copper Toddy Kettles, Egg Cups and Nest Eggs,

BRUSHES OF ALL KINDS

Coal Scuttles, Fenders and Fire Irons, Garden Tools,

TWEEDS FOR BOY'S CLOTHING,

A Fine Assortment of Alpacas and Brilintines; FURNITURE and BEDDING of all kinds kept in stock and Made to Order.

Our system of selling goods at SMALL PROFITS has increased our business so that we are able to purchase goods in large quantities DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTORIES which enables us to sell a much better quality of goods without advancing our prices.

The Highest Cash Price Paid for Wool.

ap4dw MANSELL & HOLROYD, Yates Street.

SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF!

A Positive Clearing Out!

Boots & Shoes! Boots & Shoes!

MESSRS. JESSE & H. M. COWPER

Will from this date sell their entire Stock-in-Trade consisting of

Boots, Shoes, Leather & Shoe Findings,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, AT LOWER THAN COST PRICES!

Everything to be disposed of by the 30th April as Jesse Cowper will retire from the business.

Parties desirous of making really good bargains should not lose this opportunity.

No Goods to leave the store until paid for. ja22

A. Casamayou & Co.,

YATES ST., VICTORIA.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND WHOLESALE Dealers in

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, HAVANA CIGARS

no18 And French Preserves.

THOS. TROUNCE,
Architect, &c.,

OFFICE, ON KANE ST. ABOVE DOUGLAS.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS CAREfully prepared for Public Buildings or Private Residences, and the usual business of an Architect promptly executed. ja6 3m

Notices.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE UNdersigned are requested to settle their accounts on or before the 20th of April next; and all persons having accounts against the undersigned will present them for payment before that date.

JOSEPH WEBB,
mh27 Miners' Hotel, Nanaimo.

Notice.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO ME ARE requested to call and arrange their accounts, as I am prepared to make easy settlements.

C. BOSSI.
Government St., Feb. 3d, 1875. fe4

NOTICE.

PARTIES FOUND IN POSSESSION OF

Mules or Horses,

BELONGING TO THE

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY SURVEY,

Without written authority after this notice,

WILL BE PROSECUTED ACCORDING TO LAW.

By order,
MARCUS SMITH.
Victoria, 14th Dec., 1874. de15dw

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST the firm of Jesse and H. M. Cowper will please hand in the same; and those indebted to the firm will please pay their accounts.

JESSE & H. M. COWPER.
January 21st, 1875. ja22

MR. HELMCKEN

MAY BE CONSULTED AT HIS OFFICE Victoria, between the hours of 9 and 12 in the morning, or at his residence, James Bay, in the evening mh4

NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE I WILL only accept Coin for Rent, as well as for other Payments to be made to me.

de30 LD. LOWENBERG

ROAD TAX.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Road Tax for the current year is due and payable at my office for the following Road Districts, Victoria, Lake, Highland, North and South Saanich, Esquimalt, Metchosin, Sooke.

All parties owing arrears will be sued on the 15th May if their taxes are not paid on or before that date.

RICHARD WOODS,
Bastion St., Victoria, Col. Road Tax.
2d April, 1875. ap3

NOTICE.

WHEREAS A PETITION FOR AN ADJUDIcation in Bankruptcy was on the first day of April, A D, 1875, filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia in Bankruptcy at Victoria, against Wing Ning, Wong Fund and Wong Goan, all of the City of Victoria, B. C, Merchants and General Dealers (under the name, style and firm of Tye Chung Lung & Co.) under which petition they have been adjudged Bankrupts, Notice is hereby given, that the said Wong Ning, Wong Fund and Wong Goan are hereby required to surrender themselves to Charles Edward Pooley, Registrar of the said Court; at the first meeting of Creditors, to be held before the said Registrar on Thursday the 22d April, 1875, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the Supreme Court office, Victoria, and also to the Court at the public sitting to be appointed by the Court for the said Bankrupts to pass their last examination, of which sitting due notice will be given in the Government Gazette and Daily Colonist. At the first meeting of Creditors the Registrar will receive the proofs of the debts of the Creditors, and the Creditors may choose an Assignee or Assignees of the Bankrupts' estate and effects. At the public sitting proofs of the debts of Creditors will also be received, and the Bankrupts will be required to submit themselves to be examined and to make a full disclosure of all their estate and effects and to finish their examination.

Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the said Bankrupts, or who have any of their effects, not to deliver the same but to Charles Edward Pooley, Official Assignee, whom the Court has appointed, and give notice to ALBERT T. D McELMEN, Solicitor, of Victoria, B.C. CHAS. E. POOLEY,
ap4 Registrar.

Mr. W. JACKSON,

(Late Resident Surgeon, Royal Hospital.)

MAY BE CONSULTED AT HIS OFFICE, Yates street, opposite Langley street, daily from 9 a.m. till 12 m., and 6 to 9 p.m.

Mr. Jackson has opened in connection with his Yates street office

A Retail Drug Store.

PRESCRIPTIONS DISPENSED.

RESIDENCE—Cormorant street, below Blanchard.
ap1

PHELPS, WADLEIGH & CO.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

BUTCHERS,

Government st., opp. Postoffice,

YOUR FAVORS SOLICITED. fe28

MISS RUTLAND

BEGS RESPECTFULLY TO INFORM THE Ladies of Victoria and vicinity that she has taken the Store adjoining Mr. Waller's, on Fort street, and will open on Saturday, 3d inst., with an assortment of

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY,
STRAW HATS and
FANCY GOODS,

And trusts by prompt attention to business and Moderate Charges to merit a share of their patronage.

Wedding and Mourning Orders Executed on the Shortest Notice. ap2

HENRY RHODES & CO.,

[Successors to JANION RHODES & CO.]

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

STORE STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

AGENTS—Northern Insurance Co.

AGENTS—Liverpool Board of Underwriters. oc9

HENRY SAUNDERS,

DEALER IN

Groceries, Provisions and Liquors,

Fresh Supplies by every steamer. Highest Cash Prices Paid for Farm Produce.

JOHNSON STREET, corner Oriental Alley.

MINERS' SUPPLIES for Cassiar. jy5

CHIN KEE,

AGENT FOR LABOR OF ALL KINDS.

Contracts Taken for Road, Railway and Street Work.

Lots Cleared.

YATES STREET, opp WELLS FARGO'S OFFICE.
fe14 3m

T. LUBBE,

Yates St., Victoria, B. C.

FURS AND SKINS

PURCHASED AT HIGHEST MARKET RATES.

CASH ADVANCES made on Consignments to my correspondents in New York and London.

mh7 3m

Daily British Colonist.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 21ST, 1875.

L. P. FISHER, 20 and 21 New Merchants' Exchange is our authorized Agent in San Francisco.

Indian Affairs.

Amongst the papers sent down to the House and now before the Select Committee to which the subject was referred, perhaps the most important is the following Report of the Hon. Mr. Laird, Minister of Interior, and concurred in by the Privy Council of Canada:

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
OTTAWA, Nov. 2nd, 1874.

MEMO.

The undersigned is desirous of bringing under the consideration of the Governor-General in Council the present unsatisfactory state of the Indian Land question in the Province of British Columbia.

In connection with this subject he has had before him various reports and officials documents, among others, a voluminous correspondence of Mr. Indian Commissioner Powell with the Local Government of British Columbia, in reference to the Order in Council of the 24th April last, respecting the Indian Reserves; also, the same Commissioner's report of a visit made by him to the Indian tribes in the interior of British Columbia during the past Summer; and lastly, an able and interesting communication from the Rev. C. F. Grandidier, (a Roman Catholic missionary, residing among the Indians in the Interior) published in the "Standard" newspaper, Victoria, with letters from both the Indian Commissioners and from the Roman Catholic Bishop of British Columbia, commenting on Father Grandidier's communication; all of which reports and letters are herewith submitted.

A cursory glance at these documents, is enough to show that the present state of the Indian land question in our territory West of the Rocky Mountains is most unsatisfactory, and that it is the occasion, not only of great discontent among the aboriginal tribes, but also of serious alarm to the white settlers.

To the Indian, the land question far transcends in importance all others, and its satisfactory adjustment in British Columbia will be the first step towards allaying the wide-spread and growing discontent now existing among the native tribes of that Province.

The adjustment of this important matter is not a little complicated, from the fact that its solution requires the joint action of the Dominion Government and the Government of British Columbia, and involves a possible reference to the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

The policy heretofore pursued by the Local Governmont of British Columbia toward the red men in that Province, and the recently expressed views of that Government in the correspondence herewith submitted, fall short of the estimate entertained by the Dominion Government of the reasonable claims of the Indians.

In the very last official communication, under date the 12th ultimo, received through Mr. Commissioner Lenihan, the Provincial Secretary of British Columbia writes as follows:

"In the meantime, I desire to call your attention to the fact that all that is reasonable and just to demand of the Provincial Government is, that the 13th Section of the Terms of Union should be faithfully observed. Should the Dominion Government be of opinion that concessions beyond those provided for in the said Section are necessary, it becomes the duty of that Government to make provision accordingly."

To explain the relative position of the Dominion and Local Governments in relation to this question, it is necessary to remember:—

That, under the operation of the 109th and 146th Sections of the "British North America Act of 1867," all the public lands of the Province of British Columbia are placed under the control of the Local Government;

That, by the 13th Article of the Terms of admission of British Columbia into Confederation it is provided,—

"That the charge of the Indians, and the trusteeship and management of the lands reserved for their use and benefit, should be assumed by the *Dominion Government*, and a policy *as liberal as that hitherto pursued* by the British Columbia Government should be continued by the Dominion Government after the Union."

And it is further provided,—

"To carry out such policy, tracts of land of such extent as it has hitherto been the practice of the British Columbia Government to appropriate for that purpose, shall from time to time be conveyed from the Local to the Dominion Government, in trust for the use and benefit of the Indians, on application of the Dominion Government; and in case of disagreement between the two governments, respecting the quantity of such tracts of land be granted, the matter shall be referred for the decision of the Secretary of State for the Colonies."

When the framers of the Terms of admission of British Columbia into the Union inserted this provision, requiring the Dominion Government to pursue a policy *as liberal* towards the Indians as that hitherto pursued by the British Columbia Government, they could hardly have been aware of the marked contrast between the Indian policies which had up to that time, prevailed in Canada and British Columbia respectively.

Whereas in British Columbia, ten acres of land was the maximum allowance for a family of five persons, in old Canada the minimum allowance for such a family was eighty acres; and a similar contrast obtained in regard to grants for education and all other matters connected with the Indians under the respective governments. Read by this light, the insertion of a clause guaranteeing the aborigines of British Columbia the continuance by the Dominion Government of the liberal policy heretofore pursued by the Local Government, seems little short of a mockery of their claims.

The first step taken by the Government of the Dominion in dealing with this subject was the passing of an Order in Council of the 21st March, 1873, recommending that eighty acres of land should be assigned by the Local Government of British Columbia to every Indian family of five persons.

To this recommendation (made in accordance with the general policy heretofore pursued in Old Canada in such matters, but without taking into consideration the bearing of the 13th Clause already referred to, securing a liberal policy for the Indians of British Columbia) the Government of that Province peremptorily declined to accede, alleging that the quantity of land which the Order in Council proposed to assign to the Indians was greatly in excess of what was found to be sufficient by previous local Governments, and the Indian Commissioner was notified that the Government of British Columbia had decided that the land reserved for the Indians should not exceed twenty acres for each head of a family of five persons.

Even this allowance of twenty acres for each head of a family, inadequate as it would have been considered by the Indians, has, by the interpretation lately put by the local authorities on their Order in Council granting it, been very materially reduced. They now hold that that Order in Council was intended to apply to new reserves only and not to the old reserves existing at the time of Union. Such, with the exception of the latter interpretation, was the position of the Indian land question in British Columbia when the duty of administering Indian affairs devolved upon the undersigned in his capacity of Minister of the Interior.

His first step in connection with the subject was to submit a memorandum to Council setting forth the facts of the case and recommending, as under the circumstances was inevitable, that the Order in Council of the 21st March, 1873, assigning eighty acres to each Indian family be rescinded, and that only twenty acres be allowed to each family, but also recommending, *inter alia*, that the Local Government should be invited to reconsider their Indian land policy with a view to co-operate in every way with the Government of the Dominion in satisfying the reasonably demands of the native tribes West of the Rocky Mountains.

This memorandum was approved by the Governor-General in Council on 24th April last.

Mr. Indian Commissioner Powell duly submitted this Order in Council to the British Columbia Government, accompanied by such arguments as he could use in favour of the adoption by that Government of a more liberal land policy towards the Indians.

The British Columbia Government, however, appear to be resolved to adhere to their determination not to go beyond the grant of twenty acres to each Indian family, and even that allowance, as already observed, is authoritively declared to be intended not "to effect or unsettle reservations before established but is confined to the cases in which, at the time of Confederation, the original tribes were not provided with land set apart for their exclusive use."

The Indian Commissioner on being officially notified of the views of the Local Government, felt reluctantly obliged to arrest the surveys of the Indian Reserves in the Province—surveys which had been authorized by him, and which were then being proceeded with, on the understanding (sanctioned, as he believed, by the Local Government) that twenty acres of land were to be allowed to each Indian family, whether on the old Reserves or otherwise.

This suspension of the surveys, though under other circumstances a necessary step, is calculated to aggravate the discontent and alarm of the Indians in reference to their treatment by the Government, and will, in a great measure, help to keep open the long pending dispute between the white settlers and the Indians in reference to their respective land claims; disputes which, in the summer of 1873, nearly led to an outbreak of the Indian population of the Province, and to the recurrence of which it was hoped these surveys would put an end.

How universal, deep seated, and intense, the feeling of discontent among the Indians of British Columbia was, previous even to the last decision of the Local Government limiting the 20 acre grant, is unmistakably apparent in Mr. Commissoner Powell's Report of his visit to the native tribes last summer, and in the letters of the Roman Catholic Bishop of the Province, and Father Grandidier.

In this connection Mr. Commissioner Powell does not hesitate to write that—

"If there has not been an Indian War, it is not because there has been no injustice to the Indians, but because the Indians have not been sufficiently united."

These gloomy anticipations are shared, not only by both the Indian Commissioners, but also by the white settlers generally in the Province, and are expressed still more strongly, if possible, in the communication already alluded to, of Father Grandidier and the Roman Catholic Bishop of the Province.

All concur in the opinion that, until the land grievances of which the Indians complain are satisfactorly redressed, no treatment, however liberal or humane in the way of money grants or presents, will avail to secure peace or contentment among them. As an evidence of the strength of this feeling of dissatisfaction, Commissoner Powell states that the Indian bands at Nicola and Okanagan Lakes wholly declined to accept any presents from him last summer, lest, by so doing, they should be thought to waive their claim for compensation for the injustice done them in relation to the Land Grants.

The views of the Roman Catholic Bishop and of Father Grandidier entirely accord, as we have said, with those of the Commissioners; and the opinions of those Reverend gentlemen are, it is thought, worthy of special consideration, from the fact that they speak with a thorough knowledge of the subject, acquired by a long residence among the Indians, and close and habitual intercourse with them.

The other principal land greivances of which the Indians complain, besides that of the insufficient quantity allowed them, as already referred to, may be briefly stated under two heads:—

1st. They complain that, in many instances, the lands which they had settled upon and cultivated have been taken from them without compensation, and *pre-empted* by the white settlers, and that in some cases their burial grounds have been thus pre-empted.

2nd. They complain that in consequence of the present state of the law in reference to pastoral land, their cattle and horses are systematically driven away from the open country by the white settlers who have taken leases of pastoral land in the neighbourhood.

All these several grievances have been, for many years past, the subjects of complaint among the Indians. But during the last two or three years they have assumed a more serious aspect than heretofore; partly from the fact that the Indians are now, for the first time, feeling practically the inconvenience of being hemmed in by the white settlers, and prevented from using the land for pastoral purposes; partly because the Indians are only now beginning to understand the value of agriculture and to desire the possession of land for cultivation and partly, it may be, because they have been recently made aware of the liberal land policy extended to the Indians of North-West in recent Treaties, and naturally contrast this treatment with the policy meted out to themselves.

The Indians of British Columbia, especially those in the Interior of the Province, are intelligent and industrious, and likely to turn to good account any farming lands which may be assigned to them. Moreover they already own large herds of horses and cattle, and a liberal allowance of pastoral land is to them a matter of absolute necessity, to enable them to support their stock.

The undersigned feels that the Government of the Dominion cannot be charged with want of liberality in its dealings with the Indians of British Columbia since the admission of that Province into the Union. During the last two years the sum of $54,000 has been voted by Parliament for their benefit; and before the expiration of the current financial year, the whole of that large sum will probably have been expended, either in supporting Indian Schools, making surveys, distributing agricultural implements and seed, or for other objects calculated to promote their material and moral well being.

When it is stated that prior to the admission of British Columbia into the Union the entire annual expenditure of the Local Government on the Indians did not exceed, at most, a few hundred dollars; that as Mr. Commissioner Powell states:—

"Money payments by the Government, on account of the native race, have been restricted to expenditure incurred by Indian outrages, and no efforts have been put forth with a view to civilizing them; it having been considered that the best mode of treating them was to let them alone."

It cannot be alleged that, in this respect, the Government of the Dominion has failed, on its part, to continue towards the Indians of that Province as liberal as that previously pursued by the British Columbia Government.

In laying the foundation of the Indian policy in that Province, on the same permanent and satisfactory basis as in the other portions of the Dominion, the government of the Dominion feel they would not be justified in limiting their efforts to what, under the strict letter of the Terms of Union, they were called upon to do. They feel that a great national question like this, a question involving possibly in the near future an Indian War with all its horrors, should be approached in a very different spirit, and dealt with upon other higher grounds. Actuated by these feelings, the Government of the Dominion in its dealings with the Indians of British Columbia has acted as has been shown, in a spirit of liberality far beyond what the strict terms of the agreement required at its hands; and they confidently trust that on a calm review of the whole subject in all its important bearings, the Government of that Province will be prepared to meet them in a spirit of equal liberality.

The policy foreshadowed in the provisions of the 13th Clause of the British Columbia Terms of Union is plainly inadequate to satisfy the fair and reasonable demands of the Indians.

To satisfy these demands, and to secure the good will of the natives, the Dominion and Local Governments must look beyond the terms of that agreement, and be governed in their conduct towards the aborigines by the justice of their claims, and by the necessities of the case.

The undersigned would, therefore, respectfully recommend, that the Government of the Dominion should make an earnest appeal to the Government of British Columbia, if they value the peace and prosperity of their Province—if they desire that Canada as a whole should retain the high character she has earned for herself by her just and honorable treatment of the red men of the forest, to reconsider in a spirit of wisdom and patriotism the land grievances of which the Indians of that Province complain, apparently with good reason, and take such measures as may be necessary promptly and effectually to redress them.

In conclusion, the undersigned would recommend that, should the views submitted in this Memorandum be approved by the Governor-General in Council, a copy of the Order in Council passed in the case, with a copy of this Memorandum, be transmitted to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of British Columqia, with a request that he would take an early opportunity of submitting them to his Executive Government, and express the hope that the views of the Dominion Government therein embodied may obtain an early and favorable consideration.

He would further recommend, that copies of the Order in Council and the Memorandum, should also be transmitted by the Governor-General to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, accompanied by copies of such of the other documents herewith submitted as may be thought necessary to enable the Colonial Secretary to understand in all its bearings the great national question now seeking solution at the hands of the Dominion Government and the Government of British Columbia.

(Signed) DAVID LAIRD,
Minister of Interior.

D. GREEN, Government street, would call the particular attention of the Ladies of Victoria and Puget Sound to his stock of Knickerbockers, Youths' and Boys' Clothing of the latest styles, which were made under his own supervision. Also, Boys' Collars of all sizes for sale. ***

WEEKLY BRITISH COLONIST is now ready. To be had at the bookstores and the publication office.

New Advertisements

REMOVAL.

C. BOSSI

HAS REMOVED HIS BUSINESS FROM Government street to the new Brick Building on Yates street, next to Heywoods', and will open on Wednesday next, 22d inst. ap21

Masonic Notice.

THE MEMBERS OF VICTORIA Lodge No. 1, Vancouver Lodge No. 2, British Columbia Lodge No. 5, and Quadra Lodge No. 8 are requested **to meet in convention** for the transaction of important business on **Thursday, 22d inst., at half-past 7 o'clock p.m. punctually.**

By order of the W. Ms.
J. G BALES, Secretary of Victoria, No. 1.
C. M. CHAMBERS, Sec. of Vancouver No. 2.
T. R. MITCHELL, Sec. of British Col. No. 5.
R. B. McMICKING, Sec. of Quadra No. 8.

MASONIC HALL, VICTORIA,
20th April, 1875. ap21

I. O. O. F.

To all Lodges Subordinate to the Grand Lodge of British Columbia:

To all Brothers and Sisters of the Rebekah Degree:

A MEETING IN THIS DEGREE will be held on Monday Afternoon next, 26th inst., at Odd Fellows' Hall, at 3 p. m. All Brothers and Sisters of every Lodge in this jurisdiction are invited to attend for the purpose of conferring the degree on any Brothers and their Wives who may wish. Members of the Scarlet Degree in good standing and their Wives are eligible for the Rebekah Degree.

By order of the N. G.
ROWLAND E. GREEN,
ap21 Secretary Victoria Lodge No. 1.

In re Abraham Kohn, a Bankrupt.

NOTICE.

THE ADJOURNED FIRST MEETING for the choice of Assignees, proof of debts, etc., will be held before the Honorable Mr Justice Gray, at the Supreme Court, on Monday, the 3d day of May next, at 12 m. CHAS. E. POOLEY, Registrar.

Dated at Victoria, 20th April, 1875. ap21

THEATRE ROYAL.

LESSEE & MANAGERESS - - - MRS. F. M. PHELPS

MISS KATE DENIN

In a favorite character, with song.

THURSDAY EVENING, April 22, 1875

The performance will commence with the brilliant English comedy in 2 acts, entitled,

"A Roland for an Oliver,"

BY THE

Phelps Dramatic Comp'y.

To conclude with the most wonderful performance yet offered to the citizens of Victoria.

CAPT. MACDONALD'S BAND OF

TRAINED INDIANS

Will go through all their marvellous Military Manœuvres, Acrobatic Performances, etc., BLINDFOLDED. All should come and witness this great triumph of skill. This new feature, introduced by Captain McDonald at the East some two years since, and performed there with forty men with immense success.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:

Dress Circle & Parquette - - - $1 00
Pit - - - - - - - - - - 50
Private Boxes - - - - - $8 and $6

Doors open at 7:30, commence at 8 o'clock precisely. mh30

FARMERS ATTENTION

IMPRTOVEM NEOF LIVE STOCK!

"CENTRAL PACIFIC,"

13,267 American Herd Book,

ONE OF THE BEST AND HIGHEST Pedigreed Thoroughbred Shorthorn Bulls on the Pacific Slope, will stand for the season.

TERMS $15, without Guarantee.

A week's Pasturage allowed for each Cow. "CENTRAL PACIFIC" is a sure stock-getter.

A number of his CALVES of 1875 can be seen on the premises, and persons desirous of securing Grade Bull Calves of the present year are requested to make arrangements before the 1st of June next, as the undersigned does not intend keeping any but bespoken Bull Calves.

For Sale.

Four Grade Bull Calves of 1874, gets of "Central Pacific" by Grade Dams.

One Thoroughbred Berkshire Boar, rising 5 months; his Grand Dam cost $500.

One Young Mule, several Saddle or Pack Horses.

W. F. TOLMIE.

CLOVERDALE, V. D., near Victoria,
20th April, 1875. ap20dw

A GRAND

VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT

Will be given for the benefit of the

BRITISH COLUMBIA ORPHANS

By the members of the various Choirs and other Amateurs, assisted by the

Philharmonic Band,

AT THE

Philharmonic Hall, Fort st.

On Saturday Eve'g, April 24th,

Commencing at 8 o'clock.

Tickets to be had of C. N. Hibben & Co. Price of Admission, $1; Reserved Seats, 25 cents extra; can be secured at the Hall on the day of the Concert, between the hours of 10 and 12 a.m. and 2 and 4 p.m. ap14

Municipal Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ANY person or persons desirous of appealing against their Assessment or Assessments on the Municipal Assessment Roll, 1875 must hand in (in writing) to the Clerk of the Municipal Council a notice of his or their grounds of complaint on or before the 30th day of April, 1875.

City of Victoria, B. C., WM. LEIGH, C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office, March 31, 1875. ap3

Victoria Water Works.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UNTIL Wednesday next the 21st inst., up to 4 p. m., for Digging Trench from corner of Fisguard and Douglas streets to connect with trench on McKenzie's Road.

Plans and Specification of the work can be seen daily at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JAMES D. ROBINSON,
City Council Chambers, Commissioner.
Broad street, 15th April, 1875. ap16

REWARD.

Ten Dollars Reward!

Will be paid to any Tailor in the Province of British Columbia who will

Cut, Make and Fit A SUIT OF CLOTHES

OF AS GOOD A QUALITY

As can be Bought at the Same Price

—AT—

DAVID GREEN'S,

ap15 GOVERNMENT STREET.

New Advertisements.

W. C. WEBSTER'S BOOT & SHOE STORE,

NEXT TO J. H. TURNER & CO'S, GOVERNMENT ST.,

JUST OPENED WITH A SPLENDID

NEW ASSORTMENT OF BOOTS AND SHOES!

Of Every Description.

Boots and Shoes Made to Order and Repairs Neatly Done.

ap18

Ships and Steamers.

THE HUDSON BAY CO.'S STEAMER

OTTER,

CAPTAIN.....McCULLOCH,

Will leave for Wrangel, calling at Woodcock's Landing, on or about **Wednesday the 28th April.**

For Particulars as to Freight and Passage, apply on board. ap18

FOR STICKEEN RIVER.

THE STEAMER

GERTRUDE,

CAPT. WM. MOORE,

Will leave Victoria on or about Thursday the 22d inst, for Wrangel and Glenora Landing. Persons wishing to send freight or take passage through to Glenora Landing can make arrangements for same by applying on board. RICHD HALL,
ap20 Purser.

Bark Harvest Home, from London

NEITHER CAPTAIN DAVIS, NOR THE undersigned Agents of the above vessel, will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew.

SPROAT & CO.,
Consignees.
Victoria, B. C., April 4, 1875. ap4

G. T. SEYMOUR,

BROAD STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

FURNITURE,

OF ALL KINDS.

BEDDING

Of Every Description,

MIRRORS AND CHAIRS

In Great Variety. Also Manufactures to Order.
de8 2p BROAD ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

TO ARRIVE BY NEXT STEAMER

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Alcohol and Pure Spirits

CANADIAN WHISKIES,

BOURBON, RYE, TODDY AND MALT.

From the distillery of Gooderham & Worts, Toronto.

These Whiskies have been put up expressly for this market with a view to saving freight, being double the ordinary strength and of superior quality.

—ALSO—

Canadian Cheese,

From the best Dairies in Ontario.

For sale by

RICHARD CARR,
ap16 Wharf Street.

Welch, Rithet & Co.

OFFER FOR SALE

The Following Goods now Landing

Ex Bk. DELAWARE

FROM HONOLULU.

Waluku Plantation Extra Washed Sugar,
do do No. 1 do
do do No. 2 do
Princeville do No. 1 do
Nadiehu do No. 2 do
No. 1 Sandwich Islands Rice,
Extra Quality Molasses in Barrels,
Puuu.

In lots to Suit Purchasers.

WELCH, RITHET & CO.
Wharf street, 14th April, 1875. ap15

G. HUSTON

HAS RECEIVED

EX "HARVEST HOME"

A LARGE STOCK OF

POWDER in ⅛lbs.,
BLASTING POWDER in ¼bbls.,
LEAD in bars,

COD LINES and a full assortment of FISHING TACKLE.

As I Intend to close out I will sell at

REDUCED PRICES

Cutlery, Powder Flasks, Shot Pouches Game Bags, Gun Tackle, Single and Double Barrel Guns, &c.

A few Superior Double Barrel Guns, Manufactured by Langley, Smyth & Company, London.

ap6 1m2p G. HUSTON.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

Mrs. Maynard's NEW PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY,

CORNER OF DOUGLAS & JOHNSON STREETS
VICTORIA, B. C.

IS NOW PREPARED TO TAKE ALL KINDS of Photographs in all the latest improvements.

On hand and for sale Views of British Columbia and Vancouver Island. Also, all kinds of Photographic Material.

As the New Gallery is well lighted I will guarantee satisfaction to all who will favor me with their patronage. fe23

NOTICE.

DURING MY ABSENCE from the Province my Power of Attorney will be held by my brother, Mr Wm Wilson.

All persons having claims against me will please present them forthwith; and persons indebted to the firm of THOS. WILSON & CO., whose accounts are not of late date, will please pay them during the present month. THOS. WILSON.

Victoria, B.C., April 3, 1875. ap4

Wanted.

Wanted.

FOUR FIRST-CLASS BOOTMAKERS. Apply at

W. C. WEBSTER'S
ap17 New Boot and Shoe Store, Government St.

Wanted,

A YOUNG MAN WHO UNDERSTANDS taking care of horses and cows and a garden, wants a situation. Address "Q" at the
ap16 COLONIST OFFICE.

Information Wanted

OF THE WHEREABOUTS OF TIMOTHY O'LEARY, who was last heard from in Utsalddy by his friends, a year ago, when he was bound for Victoria, B C. Any person giving information at THIS OFFICE will be warmly thanked. ap10dw*

Information Wanted.

OF JOHN DAVID OR THOMAS HARRIS, who left Nova Scotia about 24 years ago for California and are now supposed to be on Vancouver's Island. Information of either will be thankfully received from any person by

WM. McG. MUNSIE,
Corner Oak and Laguna Sts.,
ap9 3t San Francisco, California.

Wanted Immediately.

A FEW A. B. SEAMEN FOR A SHIP bound to the Coast of Mexico and England.

Apply to JER. NAGLE,
ap13 Shipping Agent.

Teacher Wanted.

A DULY QUALIFIED TEACHER IS wanted for Lake District School. Apply to

GEO. LINDSAY, Lake.
Or to MR. JESSOP,
ap11dw Supt. of Education.

WANTED.

BY A YOUNG MAN strictly temperate, who understands the care of horses and cows, can milk, tend garden and writes a very good hand, a situation to work mornings, evenings and Saturdays for board and lodging and attend school. Address O. M. Gregory, Victoria P.O. ap4

Wanted.

A QUALIFIED TEACHER FOR CRAIGflower School. Apply to

MARTIN DODD,
mh18 Gorge Hotel.

FRENCH MEDICINES

PREPARED BY

GRIMAULT & CO.,

PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTS,

8, RUE VIVIENNE,

PARIS.

OF all the medicines offered to the public for many years past, none have met with such favorable reception, or been so generally approved by the Medical Profession, as those prepared by Grimault and Co.

The model laboratories of this firm, situated at Neuilly-sur-Seine, and managed by Dr. Leconte, Professor in the Faculty of Medicine, ex-Pharmacist of the Hospitals of Paris, and formerly Assistant of Dr. Claude Bernard, Professor of Physiology at the College of France, offer guarantees to be found in no other establishment.

NURSING---PREGNANCY---EXHAUSTION.

Busart's Lactophosphate of Lime Preparations.

The preparations having Lactophosphate of Lime at their base, known as Dusart's Wine and Syrup are the most valuable tonic restoratives known. They promote the formation and the nutrition of tissues, render nurses' milk more rich and plentiful, and aid the formation of the infant during pregnancy. They stimulate the appetite, agree with feeble persons, convalescents, old people, and especially with children to counteract the tendency to rickets.

GRIMAULT & CO'S

Syrup of Hypophosphite of Lime.

An excellent remedy for all affections of the chest; it relieves coughs, effectually prevents nocturnal perspiration, and restores the patient's strength. This syrup is the only one which, ever since 1857, has invariably been attended with satisfactory results—a fact due to the purity of the hypophosphite employed. Be sure to observe that it bears the signature of Grimault and Co., on bottles of an oval shape, the syrup being always of a rose colour.

GRIMAULT & CO'S

Matico Injection and Capsules.

Composed of the essence extracted from the plant so called, they have been constantly employed with the most brilliant success in a certain class of contagious disease.

They combine extraordinary efficacy with the advantage of never causing nausea, eructations, or pains in the stomach, as do the gelatinous capsules which contain Balsam of Copahu in a liquid state; or the strictures which result from the use of injections having a metalic basis.

FOR SALE BY

Langley & Co,

VICTORIA,

Agents for British Columbia.

ap16

Daily British Colonist.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 21ST, 1875.

THE BRITISH COLONIST

Is the only Paper Published at Victoria that receives Regular Telegraphic Dispatches.

FIRST PROVINCIAL LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FOURTH SESSION.

TUESDAY, April 20.

PRIVILEGE.

Mr. Hughes complained of the incorrectness of a report in the *Standard*, which had entirely misrepresented him on the indemnity question.

Mr. Smithe said he was reported in the *Standard* as having said he was not open to vote on the indemnity question. This was untrue. He had never shirked a vote in this House. What he said was that his constituents having given an adverse vote on the question of indemnity he was bound to follow their instructions. He had also not said that he believed in paying members from a distance more than members living at Victoria.

L. C. F. B.

Mr. McCreight reported the Lightning Creek Fire Brigade Bill with amendments.

INDIANS.

The Committee appointed to enquire into and report upon the condition of the Indians in British Columbia with respect to their lands and preserves, reported that in various parts of the Province the Indians have complained, and have had good reason to complain, of their treatment on the question of their land reserves. They found this to have been particularly the case on the eastern side of the Cascades. The principle having been recognized ever since the first colonization of the Province that on the eastern side of the Cascades the amount of land allowed to settlers should be double the quantity allowed on the west side of the Cascades, the Committee were of opinion that at least the same principle of liberality should be applied to Indians and Indian lands in those districts of the Province where Indians are stock-owners and require lands for pastoral purposes in even a higher degree than for cultivation. The Committee, in conclusion, suggested the cordial and immediate adoption of the humane, just and liberal views in regard to the management of our Indians set forth by Mr. Laird, Dominion Minister of the Interior, in his memorandum on the subject of date 24 November, 1874, printed copies of which, as well as of other valuable papers on Indian affairs, had recently been laid before the House.

Hon. Mr. Walkem said there were six members of that Committee which had never attended a meeting of it. Some of the Indians east of the Cascades had as high as 200, 300 and 600 acres apiece. He had not laid all the copies of correspondence before the House because they were not in his possession, and negotiations were pending. When that correspondence came to be published it would be seen that the Dominion Government was not entitled to as much credit as the correspondence already published would seem to indicate.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said that no one could tell anything about the state of Indian Affairs without going to the Land Office, and this the Committee had not done.

Mr. Smithe said he had made every possible effort to induce the two hon. gentlemen who had just spoken to attend the committee meetings. He had even had the meetings advertised in the papers. All the members had attended save these two.

Mr. McCreight said that he had attended and had gone through the correspondence.

Dr. Tolmie was sorry the Chief Commissioner had made insinuations against the correctness of the report. The Committee had made every inquiry and had carefully framed their report.

Mr. McCreight said that the instances quoted by the hon. Attorney General were exceptional. He was satisfied that the Indians would not progress in civilization unless they were better treated than they had been lately. The Dominion Government pointed out this unfairness, and he (Mr. McCreight) was of opinion that the present state of things might lead to serious disturbances.

Hon. Mr Walkem said that Judge Cox on a windy day had torn up a number of letters and told the Indians that wherever the pieces alighted they should have the land metes and bounds established. (Laughter.) He asked the hon. gentlemen to withdraw the report and the Government would attend to its requirements.

Mr. Robson hoped that the suggestion for the withdrawal of the report would not be pressed. The Committee had sought for all the information in it power, and he believed that the report, under the circumstances, was very mild (hear). He had read Mr. Laird's dispatch and must say that it breathed a spirit which this government would do well to inhale and breathe out on this Pacific slope (hear.)

Hon. Mr. Walkem said that the report tied the government down to giving the Indians 80 acres of land, which was Mr. Laird's sugestion.

Mr. A. R. Robertson said that the report should be referred back to the Committee and the government given every opportunity to attend and explain their policy. He should not be surprised to hear of an outbreak at any moment, because the Indians had not been fairly dealt with (hear).

The report was referred back to the Committee.

SUPPLY.

The Supply Bills were read a third time and passed.

VOTERS' BILL.

Mr. Holbrook appealed to the government to withdraw this Bill, which would inflict great evils upon the Province. One hon. gentleman in this House had expressed his opinion that the present list of voters would still remain in force and that this Bill would only apply to parties wishing to register in future. As he read it, however, every person must register again.

The report was adopted—12 to 6.

On the question for the third reading,

Mr. Humphreys said the Act at present in existence having been assented to by the Governor General that therefore the excuse urged by the Attorney General for the introduction of the bill had been swept away. This Bill was destructive of the liberties of the people. It took from them the right to vote. It disfranchised every man in this Province on the eve of a general election, and not a third of the voters now on the list would be qualified to vote under the new Act. Two-thirds of the mechanics of Victoria will not be entitled to vote. He placed the finger of reprobation against this infamous measure, and he hoped that in justice to the men from whom the members now in this House received their right to sit here they would not pass this Bill. He challenged hon. gentlemen to show a parallel case to this in any country where Constitutional Government existed. A Committee of Vigilance would have to be appointed by the people to defend themselves against the encroachments of this government. He hoped that the people of this Province would keep well in view the names of the hon. members who might vote for this Bill in order to prevent them ever again sitting here (hear). A man who gave his sanction to such a bill as this was utterly unfit to represent a country so intelligent as this. (Cheers.) He moved that the Bill be read a third time this day six months.

Mr. Smithe said that as this Bill was passed upon the understanding that the Bill of last session had been disallowed at Ottawa, and as it was now known that that Bill had not been disallowed, he saw no necessity for the passage of this Bill, which would disfranchise two-thirds of the people of this Province.

Hon. Mr. Walkem praised the measure as a proper and useful one, and called on the House to pass the Bill.

Hon. Mr. Humphreys said he should support the Bill to prevent Chinamen and Indians voting.

Mr. Holbrook said the Canadian Government would never allow such a blot as this Bill to appear on its Statute Book and would never sanction it; if it were disallowed—he was sure it would be—there would be no Voters' Lists. [Voice—That's what this Government wants.]

Mr. W. A. Robertson said this Bill placed so many obstacles in the way of registering that one third of the voters would not record their claim.

Mr. Robson said the Bill was regarded here with great disfavor, and if this was true with respect to Victoria how much more might we expect it to be so in other districts for which it was even less adapted. It was a retrogressive step, and he regretted that such a step should be taken. No hon. gentleman could help knowing that in the outlying districts where great distances had to be travelled to make the necessary declaration and go through the formalities required, this Bill would disfranchise two-thirds of the voters. He thought the hon. gentleman from Lillooet did not use too strong language in saying that it was a disgrace and a shame to pass such a bill as this in the last session of the House. (Hear, hear). When one of the arguments of those who opposed Responsible Governments in the Province was the paucity of the population, it was a mistake to disfranchise two thirds of even those few. (Hear, hear.) It was asserted that one of the arguments brought forward by the Government for passing this Bill was that the present Bill which had worked well was disallowed at Ottawa. Now it turns out that that is a cock and a bull story. He was now speaking in defence of the rights of the population east of the Cascades, and hoped that all members would come forward and vote and not linger in the lobbies when such an important Bill was under discussion.

Mr. Brown was opposed to the Bill from the first, and was in favor of it being thrown out. He was sure it would disfranchise many of the Mainland voters. (Hear, hear.)

Dr. Tolmie said that the bill was skillfully contrived to limit the number of electors and that on the Mainland, at all events, it would certainly do so. We wanted more voters and more members in order to carry on Responsible Government in this Province.

The motion was lost—7 ayes to 15 noes.

Ayes—Robson, Humphreys, Tolmie, Brown, Holbrook, Smithe and W. A. Robertson.

Noes—Walkem, Beaven, Ash, Armstrong, Todd, McCreight, Hughes, Barnston, Duck, Cogan, Semlin, Robinson Booth.

The Qualification and Registration of Voter's Auxiliary Bill and Members Indemnity Bills were passed.

House went into Committee on the Bill for the protection of the Lightning Creek Fire Brigade. Committee rose and reported the Bill complete. Read a third time and passed.

ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO RAILWAY.

Mr. Walkem moved the second reading of this Bill.

Mr. Walkem explained the object of the Bill which was to authorize the acquisition by the Dominion Government of such lands as may be necessary for the construction of the railroad from Esquimalt to Nanaimo. The Dominion Government did not regard this as unessential part of the Canadian Pacific Railway and had undertaken the construction of it at the recommendation of Lord Carnarvon. He read an order in Council of the Canadian Government requesting the British Columbia Government to set apart certain lands for railway purposes between Esquimalt and Nanaimo. In conforming with the order he had brought down the Bill. The Canadian Government had introduced a Bill relating to the establishment of a railway between Nanaimo and Esquimalt, which bill has since been thrown out by the Senate, and it therefore became necessary for this government to legislate upon the matter in order to enable the Dominion Government to acquire the private and public lands which might be required. It provided that the land shall be handed over for a width of 20 miles on each side of the line. He had thought it best in framing the act to throw as few obstacles in the way of the Canadian Government as possible if they intended to build the Railroad this year.

Mr. McCreight thought that the reason the Senate threw out the Bill was because the British Columbia Government had legislated upon the subject. He did not wish to blame the government for this, however, as he considered that they had their hands tied. He went over the history of the railway dispute and contended that the arrangements of Lord Carnarvon were equivalent to new terms, and appeared to regard the unwillingness of this government to admit this as the reason why the subject had not received attention during the first days of the session, and an excuse was thereby afforded the Canadian Senate to throw out the Bill. A strong government would have come down to the House under these circumstances and said boldly that it was true that in a momentary inadvertance they had consented to the insertion of the resolution providing that no relaxation of the Terms of Union should be permitted without the approval of the people, but they were going to do the best for the people whether they liked it or not and would not waste time in appealing to the people. Had they done this and passed this Bill early in this session and telegraphed the fact to Canada, the Canadian Senate would not have thrown out the Bill. He did not think Mr. Mackenzie could or would commence the Railway this year whether this Bill was passed or not, and he hoped this would be the general belief now, and then we should not be accusing him of further breaches of promise. Nevertheless, he thought the Bill ought to pass, and then we should not be met with the same difficulty in 1876 and run the risk of the construction being put off again till 1877. The only thing that remained for us to do was to pass this Bill, and to do it so that we should afford no further excuse for delay. Better late than never (hear, hear).

Mr. A. R. Robertson said the fault rested mainly with Mr. Mackenzie and his colleagues. He reviewed the whole case and said he did not believe that the Government or Senate would shelter themselves behind the failure of the British Columbia government to attend to such a mere matter of detail as the making over the lands provided for in the Bill. Both sides had agreed to the terms and that was the really important point. He was a Canadian and he regretted that he could not approve of Mr. Mackenzie's course, but was unable to regard it as anything but a proof of his inveterate hostility to the Railway clause. He looked upon the action of the Senate as another step in the long game of delay which had been played by the Mackenzie government from the first.

Dr. Tolmie went over the history of the case and of the Edgar mission. He thought the Local Government had behaved badly in the matter and he had felt ashamed of them ever since.

Mr. Robson complimented the member for Esquimalt with having for once come to the front like a man instead of being on the fence or in the lobby. (Laughter). He expressed his suprise at many of the remarks which had fallen from the hon. gentleman, and proceeded to say that he had then in his pocket a dispatch in which he was informed that the reason the Senate had thrown out the bill was because of the neglect of the Local Government to pass this bill. The Premier had been told at Ottawa that legislation would be required on this subject. (A voice—No). He was prepared for denials on this subject from the Ministry, especially the Premier, who had stated everywhere on his return that there were no new terms and no relaxation and that no legislation was necessary. News of this went to Ottawa and this was the reason the bill was killed in the Senate. He agreed with the senior member for Victoria City, no Railway would be built between Nanaimo and Victoria this year, and that passing the bill now before the House would only show that we meant to be better boys in future. He regretted the constant attacks on Mr. Mackenzie's Gouernment and predicted that British Columbia would be less favorably received at Ottawa next year than ever. He believed Mr. Mackenzie to be an honest man; but human nature could not bear more than a certain amount, and if you continually met a man with distrust and insult, you could not expect him to treat you with cordiality. He supported the bill.

Mr. McCreight, in explanation, wished to say that he was dissatisfied with the conduct of the Dominion Government, and was sorry that the local Government had given their own excuse for their conduct.

The Chief Commissioner said the local Government had no intimation that the Dominion Government would require legislation on the subject before receiving the Order in Council and they hastened to comply with it as soon as the necessity was made known.. He contended that the real reason of the bill being thrown out in the Senate was because it was only voted upon by 19 members. Also, because it did not contain a clause providing that the contracts should be submitted to the House of Commons.

Mr. Booth defended Mr. Mackenzie from the charge of having been opposed to the construction of the railway. He thought the cause of the defeat of the Bill in the Senate was the spite of the members from Quebec against Mr. Mackenzie. He had always maintained that the submission of this Government to the insertion of the Clause providing for the sending of any alteration in the Terms to the People was a mistake and he thought so still. The Government should never crouch and cringe so avoid being beaten by an Opposition. (Hear, hear.) A government should be strong enough to take their course and then carry it out or suffer defeat in it. (Hear, hear.) The Government were sustained now in a great measure not because they were strong but because the Opposition was weak. He referred to a "drunken mob" intimidating the Government and maintained that if the Government on that occasion had acted with more boldness the country would have sustained them.

Mr. W. A. Robertson severely commented upon the remarks of the hon. member for Cowichan in characterizing the people of Victoria as a disorderly mob. The Government had insulted Edgar and Mackenzie. He denied that Mr. Mackenzie had ever repudiated the terms. (Hear, hear.) It was the policy of the Dominion Government to carry out the Railway. This was the policy that would fill up the country with population and make one of the greatest in the world. The people East were as loyal as any one, and it was the true policy of Canada to build it without running into debt. He was sorry to hear hon gentlemen say that submission to the will of the people was the weakness of a government.

Mr. Smithe referred to the mission to England, and said that when the Premier came back and said there was no relaxation he insulted every man in the country, and practically told them they could not read English. It was our duty to meet the Canadians in a friendly spirit. We were the weaker party. Mr. Smithe defended the Opposition. All they wished to do was to have the New Terms ratified constitutionally by an appeal to the people. [Hear, hear.] He was sorry to find the bitter spirit that existed against Canada. He had been prejudiced against Mr. Mackenzie, but had been convinced almost against his will that he was an honest man, and if British Columbia suffered at his hands it was British Columbia's own fault. He deprecated Mr. Booth's language.

Mr. Humphreys rose to review the policy of the Government in its appeal to England and the baneful results of that appeal consequent upon the Premier placing the matter entirely in Lord Carnarvon's hands. He was still speaking when the House rose.

EVENING SESSION.

Mr. Humphreys resumed the debate on the Esquimalt-Nanaimo Railway Bill. He said he had favored the appeal to England, but he was astonished at the absolute submission of our case to Lord Carnarvon, because it implied that the Leader of the Government had forgotten the nature of the resolution passed by his government in this House, requiring a submission to the people of any altered terms, or that he did not understand the working of responsible institutions. This Province agreed to abide by Lord Carnarvon's award, and the third party (Canada) was not bound to carry it out. The mission of the hon. Premier was to represent British Columbia's case, and he had consented to a very material alteration of the Terms of Union in consideration of the construction of the Esquimalt-Nanaimo Railway. If, as the hon. Premier had declared, there was no alteration of the Terms of Union, then the extension of the time limit and the Esquimalt and Nanaimo railway were myths. Yet, in the face of this denial, the House saw this Bill, and the country had a right to demand from the Ministry what they meant when they said that there had been no alteration. He feared that railway construction would not be commenced in due earnest in this Province, yet here in this House were found a majority to sustain a Ministry that was alone to blame for that delay. He defended the Opposition against the charge of factiousness. The hon. Premier had made two speeches at Victoria in which he referred to his mission as a "glorious success," that the Dry Dock negotiations had been successful, and that railway work would shortly be commenced on the Mainland. Now, it appeared that his refusal to legislate on the relaxed terms had caused the whole fruits of the negotiations to be lost. The House was asked to accept the grossest fraud ever attempted to be imposed upon any community! The introduction of this bill at this late day means that the Government wish to relax the terms without any appeal to the people of which they were ever afraid. He doubted very much if any of the Ministry would ever again be returned to their positions in this House. After seeing the whole of the Edgar correspondence he was of opinion that the hon. gentlemen were to blame for not having made a counter proposal to Mr. Edgar. The whole policy of the Government was based upon the most dishonest, tyrannical and unjust policy ever attempted to be forced upon a people. He was shocked and astonished that so many members could be found to give a government that had violated so persistently the principles of Responsible Government their support.

Mr. Smithe having disclaimed referring to the people of Victoria as a drunken mob,

Mr. Humphreys indicated Mr. Booth as the offending member.

Mr. Holbrook said he should support the Bill as it did not ask for any land on the Mainland. He was of opinion that the mission of Mr. Walkem was to have the railroad commenced at Esquimalt and carried by the Bute Inlet route. The true time for opening negotiations was when Mr. Edgar was here.

Hon. Mr. Walkem denied that the Government had placed the matter unconditionally in Lord Carnarvon's hands, or that he had been told at London and Ottawa that legislation on the new terms was necessary. Mr. Mackenzie had manifested good will to him and had told him that legislation was unnecessary. The first intimation he had had that legislation was necessary was upon the receipt of the dispatch which he had laid before the House almost the moment it was received. He had had nothing to do with the action of the Senate, and it was paying him and the Chief Commissioner a high compliment to say that they had listened to their feeble utterances, and it was paying the Senate of Canada a very poor compliment.

The Bill was then committed.

Mr. McCreight moved to amend the Bill so as to read in accord with the Order in Council.

Mr. A. R. Robertson wanted the Bill to indicate the metes and bounds.

Hon. Mr. Walkem thought the Order in Council should be closely followed for no location surveys would be made until this Bill were passed.

Dr. Tolmie thought this discussion was quite unnecessary. If both Governments would meet each other in an amicable spirit the question would soon be settled satisfactorily.

Mr. Robson said that a member for British Columbia had exacted a promise from the Dominion Government that as soon as the lands had been conveyed to the Dominion Government they would be surveyed for the purposes of settlement.

The amendment of Mr. McCreight was adopted and the Bill passed by Committee, reported to the House and passed.

LICENSES ORDINANCE

Hon. Mr. Walkem moved the second reading of this Bill, the object of which was to render it more difficult to obtain licenses in the country districts than at present.

The Bill was committed.

Mr. A. R. Robertson feared that this House had no power to deal with any question affecting trade; as it had been recently decided by the Supreme Court of New Brunswick that a similar Act to this was unconstitutional—the Dominion Parliament alone having power to deal with such matters.

The Bill requires the signatures of at least two Justices of the Peace before a license can be granted.

The House was still in session when we went to press.

VISIT OF DIRECTORS.—The 15th of May has been set for the startling from Philadelphia of a party of Directors of the Northern Pacific Railroad and Tacoma Land Companies. Among the number will be Gen. Cass, the President of the railroad company. Allowing the party ample time for all delays on the way, they may be expected in Tacoma on or before the 10th of June. We are assured that their visit is associated with the resumption of railroad operations in this Territory.—*Tacoma Tribune.*

INSTEAD of the ordinary copying press a wringing machine such as is employed in wringing clothes is now used for copying letters. When a letter is to be copied, all that is necessary to do is to place the dampened sheet of paper over the face of the dispatch and then pass both between the rubber rollers by turning the crank. The impression is perfect, and only about one-fifth of the time is required in making the copy than by the old method. It is found to be a very convenient substitute.

C. P. R. SURVEY.—We understand that two hundred pack animals have been ordered from Kamloops to Soda Creek and that supplies are being sent forward. If is to be presumed from these movements that a strong force of Engineers will proceed to survey between Fort George and the Rockies and between Fort George and the seaboard, whenever the parties arrive from Ottawa, which they are expected to do on the 2nd inst. A considerable number of men to complete the parties will doubtless be required.

DURATION OF PARLIAMENT.—The Hon. Mr. Humphrey's has a Bill before the Legislature reducing the Parliamentary term from 4 years to 2 years.

AT a meeting held at the Boomerang last evening it was decided to have horse races on the 24th of May, and a regatta later in the season.

THE steamers North Pacific and Favorite for Puget Sound; Enterprise for New Weetminster, and Maude for the East Coast, sailed yesterday morning.

MASONIC HALL.—We hear that the Masons propose to proceed shortly to the erection of a hall.

NANAIMO.—The children of St. Paul's Sunday School were presented with Easter prizes on the 15th inst. by the Lord Bishop of Columbia....The Bishop of Columbia and Rev. Mr. Hall of the Wesleyan Mission visited the public school and addressed the scholars....The Dunsmuir-Diggle Co., have discovered a seam six feet thick in their ground.... The Indian child before referred to in the *Free Press* not only got two complete faces, but it has also four feet. The feet grow out from a natural leg—one facing in the natural direction and the other diametrically opposite—viz: heel to heel. The body and legs of the child are similar to those of any other child, but the arms are contracted and stiffened at the elbows, causing the fingers to point over the shoulders. It has only two ears and when it cries the sound issues from both mouths, thus showing that it has only one throat. The parents have taken the child to Pinelicot Island near Salt Spring.

THE "Sea of Ice" was successfully presented last evening at Theatre Royal. To morrow evening Capt. Macdonald's Indians will drill *blindfolded*, and the company will play "A Roland for an Oliver."

THE gold yield of Lightning Creek last week was: Victoria Co., $10,080; Van Winkle, $4,680; Vancouver $1296. The Vancouver Co., have stopped operations owing to the freshet.

THE steamer Enterprise carried forward a large quantity of railway survey supplies destined for Quesnellsmouth and shipped by Rueff & Co.

I. O. O. F.—The degree of Rebekah will be conferred at Odd Fellows Hall on Monday afternoon next.

THE steamer Emma arrived at 9 o'clock last evening from Nanaimo.

DELAYED DISPATCHES.

Eastern States.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—A very extraordinary attempt at murder was made here last evening. The parties are Gen. Sutton, who was in the army in the Mexican war, and a man named Ross. Sutton and Ross were about to open a large billiard room. According to Sutton's ante mortem statement Ross came to him this afternoon and took him to the fourth story of the building they were to occupy to consult with him about some improvements. While there Ross attacked him with a heavy hammer and a sharp instrument. After that everything was a blank to Sutton for two hours. Then he revived and crawled down two pairs of stairs, to where there was a workman, who saw that he was covered with blood and nearly dead. The police, surgeons, and the district attorney were summoned. The physicians say Sutton must die. In his ante mortem statement he said Ross was his murderer. Ross was found in his room at the Metropolitan hotel, next to the scene of the murder. He was changing his clothes. A bloody handkerchief was found in his room, and his hand was cut. Ross was brought to the dying man and declared that the ante mortem statement was a lie; that he had not seen Sutton that day. Ross begged Sutton not to go to eternity with a lie on his lips. The affair is very mysterious. Both Sutton and Ross are widely known.

California.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 16.—The British ship Staffordshire arrived at this port to-day via Port Stanley, Falkland Islands, September 16th. When near the islands the ship's cargo of coal was found to be on fire. Being unable to extinguish it. she was run into Port Stanley, grounded, and ten and a half feet of water pumped into the hold before the fire was subdued. The main and between decks were found considerably burned. Damages were repaired and she proceeded on her voyage without further trouble.

Steam Book and Commercial Printing.

At the BRITISH COLONIST office three steam power presses are kept constantly in motion turning out the best class of printing at the lowest possible rates. New styles of type are received by every arrival. Call and see specimens.

THE RAYMOND SEWING MACHINE.—Intending purchasers of sewing machines should select a machine which combines cheapness with undeniable excellence. The possession of these qualities by the Raymond Machine has so increased the demand for them that during the past year a second manufactory has been built in order to keep up a sufficient supply. The Raymond Machine is equal if not superior to the high priced American machines and costs about half the price. The Raymond is easy to learn and light running, and is supplied, without extra charge, with all the new improvements. A fresh supply received by A B. Gray, Albion House, Government street. Sole agents for B. C.

OLD CHICORY is almost a thing of the past. Finlayson's Coffee presides over the present. It has now superseded what used to be claimed as "superior to any other manufactured on this coast," and will soon be found on every well-furnished table in the Province. Prepared at his premises on Fort street, and sold by all the principal dealers.

A. GILMORE has just received a large invoice of *Oregon Tweeds and Flannels*, also, a large lot of *White Patent-fitting Shirts*, which will be sold CHEAP. Also, *Overcoats and Raglans, Boys' Clothing* and *Hats* of all sizes.

PIANOFORTES TUNED by DIGBY PALMER. Thirty years' experience—Orders left at Fort street, or at T. N. Hibben & Co.'s., Government street.

FISHING TACKLE.—Henry Short, Occidental Building, Fort street, has received a large supply of fishing tackle of all kinds for the season.

Auction Sales.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The undersigned

Hermann Stoecker,

As MASTER of the

NICARAGUAN SHIP "GARZA,"

And Agent for whom it may Concern, will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

Through MESSRS.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.,

AS AUCTIONEERS,

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN,

On MONDAY the 26th day of April 1875,

At ELEVEN o'clock, A. M.,

The Nicaraguan Ship

"GARZA."

REGISTERED TONNAGE, 1557 TONS ENGLISH MEASUREMENT,

As she now lies in Esquimalt Harbor.

—ALSO—

All her Sails, Anchors, Chains, Boats, Compasses, Donkey Engine, Ship's Stores, Provisions, &c., &c.

The "GARZA" was New Metalled in May last with 28 oz., 26 oz., 24 oz. and 22 oz. Metal.

Detailed inventory of ship may be seen at the office of Messrs. Hy. Rhodes & Co., Store street, Victoria; also, at the office of Messrs. Parrott & Co., in San Francisco; also upon board ship "GARZA," and at the office of the undersigned Auctioneers.

TERMS OF SALE—CASH to the Highest Bidder.

Delivery to be taken immediately after sale.

The sale will be held upon the Hudson's Bay Company's Wharf at Esquimalt, and the Ship will be brought alongside of same prior to the sale.

VICTORIA, April 7th, 1875.

HERMAN STOECKER,
Master of the Nicaraguan Ship "Garza" and Agent for whom it may concern.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.,
Auctioneers, Wharf St., Victoria.
ap8

For Sale Cheap in Lots to Suit.

FRAME DOORS, WINDOWS, SHOP FRONTS, Lumber, &c., of "The Grotto" and adjoining stores. Apply immediately to HAYWARD & JENKINSON,
ap18 Langley street.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST the Estate of the late E. GROVE, Boston Bar Hotel, will please hand in the same; and all persons indebted to the Estate will please settle their accounts forthwith

A. PRINGLE } Executors.
A. GOUTLEE }
BOSTON BAR, B.C., April 15, 1875. ap 8dw

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR FURS, HIDES,

WOOL, SHEEPSKINS,

AND CALFSKINS.

mh29 L. & J. BOSCOWITZ, Wharf st.

I. O. O. F.

THE ANNIVERSARY SUPPER & BALL will take place on Monday evening, 26th inst., at Philharmonic Hall, Fort-street. Tickets, admitting a gentleman and ladies, $3 50, can be obtained from the following committee:

W. D. MCKILLICAN,
H. SMITH.
J. WRIGLESWORTH.

P. S.—Early application for tickets requested. Dancing to commence at 9:30. ap17

NOTICE.

THE BUSINESS HERETOFORE CARRIED on as R. Brodrick & Co. will from this date be continued under the firm name of Engelhardt & Co.

VICTORIA April 8th, 1875.

Engelhardt & Co.,

[SUCCESSORS TO R. BRODRICK & CO.]

COAL, WOOD & COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND WHARFINGERS.

Agents of the California Steamers.

Coal Contractors to the Royal Navy.

Agents for San Juan Lime.
ap18

TENDERS.

SEPARATE TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED till 2 p.m. on Saturday, 24th inst., at my office, where the plans and specifications may be seen daily, for the erection of a dwelling house on Michigan street, James Bay.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

THOS. TROUNCE, Architect.
Kane street, 13th April, 1875. ap14

Stock Lost.

SEVEN HEAD OF HEIFERS and Steers, 2 years old, branded J. H. on the hip and right ear cut and nicked, have escaped from the enclosure near the Royal Oak Inn, Saanich road. Anyone returning the same or giving information where they may be found will be suitably rewarded.

J. HEAL, Lake District.
April 6, 1874. apTlmdw

Hotels, Saloons, &c.

TEMPERANCE HOTEL.

MRS. BILLINGS & CO.

HAVING LEASED THE FIREPROOF building, corner of Fort and Douglas streets, have refurnished the same and will open it on

Monday, March 8th,

As a First-class Boarding House, and by strict attention to business hope to receive a share of public patronage. No pains will be spared in securing the comfort and accommodation of guests.

Single Meals..... 37½cts.
Beds, (per night)..... 50cts.

mh6

AUSTRALIAN HOUSE,

James Bay Bridge, Victoria.

FURNISHES THE BEST ACCOMMODATION for Travellers to be had in Victoria.

Board per Week.....$5 00 | Single Meals.... 37½cts.
Board per Day..... 1 00 | Sea Water Baths 3 for $1

Separate Rooms Furnished.

Music and Pleasure Boats for the use of Patrons of the Hotel.

The Table is supplied with the best in the Market.

mh28 W. C. S. SEELEY, Proprietor.

ANGEL HOTEL,

LANGLEY STREET,

LATE BAILEY'S LATE EBERHARDT'S

CHARLES MORTON, PROPRETOR.

The Scale of Charges:

Board and Lodging per Week.....$ 6 00
do do per Day..... 1 00
Board per Week..... 5 00
Single Meals..... 37½
Beds..... 50

The Bar is well supplied with the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

A Fireproof Safe in the House. oc 28 dwtf

DOMINION HOTEL,

New Westminster, B. C.

MRS. KEARY

BEGS TO INFORM THE TRAVELLING public and others that the Dominion Hotel is now open for the reception of guests.

This New and Commodious Hotel

Which is situated on Columbia street, next door to the Public Library, has been newly furnished throughout and offers first class accommodation to a large number of guests.

MRS. KEARY, Proprietress.

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C. mh27dw

ST. GEORGE HOTEL,

Government Street,

BETWEEN YATES AND JOHNSON, VICTORIA, B. C.

Built of Brick, Newly Furnished, has First-Class Accommodations

AT LOWEST RATES.

ja8 JOHN J. JACOBS, Proprietor.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL,

GOVERNMENT STREET,

TREHART & HEMENOVER, - - - PROPRIETORS.

TWO NEW BILLIARD TABLES

FITTED WITH

Phelan's Patent Fast Wire Cushions

Billiard players should give them a trial. The Fastest Tables in the City.

The Best of WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS at the Bar. se17

Colonial Hotel and Driard House.

GOVERNMENT AND VIEW STREETS, VICTORIA B.C.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED the Colonial Hotel and Driard House, will spare no effort to keep the establishments in first class style and render guests as comfortable as in any house on the Coast.

None but the Best Wines, Liquors and Cigars will be dispensed.

mh7 LUGAS & REDON Proprietors

Pacific Telegraph Hotel,

STORE STREET, BETWEEN HERALD AND FISGARD

Victoria, B. C.

Andrew Astrico, - - Proprietor

THE MOST COMMODIOUS AND CLEAN Hotel in Victoria. It is conducted on the European principle. The table is supplied with the very best the market affords.

MEALS at all hours of the day. Private Dining Rooms for Families.

CHARGES—Board and Lodging per Week, $5 50 to 6 50; Board and Lodging per Day $1. Single Meals, 37½ cents; Beds, 50 cents.

TERMS—Cash in advance.

Fire-proof Safe in the House.

fe 18 3m

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

This compound of the vegetable alteratives, Sarsparilla, Dock, Stillingia and Mandrake with the Iodides of Potassium and Iron makes a most effectual cure of a series of complaints which are very prevalent and afflicting. It purifies the blood, purges out the lurking humors in the system, that undermine health and settle into troublesome disorders. Eruptions of the skin are the appearance on the surface of humors that should be expelled from the blood. Internal derangements are the determination of the same humors to some internal organ, or organs, whose action they derange, and whose substance they disease and destroy. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA expels these humors from the blood. When they are gone, the disorders they produce disappear, such as Ulcerations of the Liver, Stomach, Kidney, Lungs, Eruptions and Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Pistules, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Ulcers and Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Bones, Side and head, Female Weakness, Sterility, Leucorrhea arising from internal ulceration and uterine Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Emaciation and General Debility. With their departure health returns.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

mh25 4meodaw

REMOVAL.

R. Maynard,

HAVING REMOVED HIS

BOOT, SHOE AND LEATHER STORE

TO THE COR. OF DOUGLAS & JOHNSON STS.

is now prepared to receive orders for every description of

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Parties in the Trade can be supplied with all kinds of

FRENCH KIP AND CALF,
UPPERS IN GREAT VARIETY,

Also, SEWING MACHINES adapted for Shoemakers,

fe28 CASH PAID FOR HIDES.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL,

VIEW STREET,

Hours from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m. Terms $5 to $7 per Month.

An Evening School

Will be opened on Monday April 5th. Hours from 7 to 9. Terms $4 per month.

For further particulars apply to Rev. E. Cridge or to W. F. Jones, Esq. ap1

Cassiar.

GLENORA, CASSIAR,

The Head of Steamboat Navigation on the Stickeen River.

JOHN B. LOVELL

Will continue to keep a large general

ASSORTMENT OF MERCHANDISE

Suitable for the Trade, to be sold at the

Lowest Market Rates!

He is also prepared to do a

General Storage,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
BUSINESS.

And in reference to this branch, he begs to return thanks to those Men of Business who patronized him last year, and to whom he refers all other intending shippers who may require his services, as to his **Responsibility, Care and Attention to Business.**

JOHN B. LOVELL.

ap18 3mdw

A. CHOQUETTE,

INDIAN

INTERPRETER & EXPLORER,

Dealer in

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
& MINERS' OUTFITS,

Boundary Post, Stickeen River, & Telegraph Ck., Cassiar.

HAVING MADE ARRANGEMENTS WITH the Hudson Bay Company to keep the Boundary Post for two years, Miners may always rely on finding there a large stock of

CLOTHING,
BOOTS & SHOES,
LIQUORS, TOBACCO,

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

OF ALL KINDS, WHICH WILL BE

SOLD AT THE LOWEST RATES!

He has also made arrangements to have

His Store at Telegraph Creek open by the commencement of Navigation

And will be ready at that point to

Receive Goods on Storage & Supply Miners' Outfits.

He hopes that, being the Original Explorer of Stickeen River, his friends and acquaintances will give him a call.

Any information respecting the country will be chearfully given, or arrangements made with Indians for Packing, etc. ja16 3mdw

JAMES TURK,

PACKER

—AND—

FORWARDER,

TELEGRAPH CK. and GLENORA,

CASSIAR.

HAVING A

LARGE TRAIN OF ANIMALS,

At the above points, is prepared to forward

MINERS' & TRADERS' GOODS

TO THE MINES, AT THE

Very Lowest Rates,

Earlier than by any other means of Conveyance.

BOYS, PATRONIZE THE OPPOSITION LINE!

JAMES TURK,

Telegraph Creek, Dec. 25, 1874.

fe4dw

HOCKIN & FRASER,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

TELEGRAPH CREEK, CASSIAR,

HAVING ERECTED COMMODIOUS WARE houses, we are prepared to

Receive, Store and Forward to the Mines

GOODS OF ALL KINDS TO ANY AMOUNT,

At the Lowest Rates.

We have also attached to the Establishment

A BAR & RESTAURANT,

Where Refreshments and Meals may be had at all hours.

ALSO—A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Merchandise

Of Every Description.

HOCKIN & FRASER.

Particular attention will be paid to Goods Consigned to our Care.

fe16 3mdaw3mw

Dentistry.

DR. BARNARD

HEREBY TENDERS HIS SINCERE THANKS to Dr. Thompson, of Portland, and the Ladies under his charge, who kindly permitted his witnessing the fillings of some of their teeth during his late sojourn in this city.

Every manipulation of the Doctor's was closely watched, from the adjustment of the **Rubber Dam** and its appliances to their teeth, to the formation of proper cavities and retaining pits therein, the **Packing and Condensation of Gold** and the subsequent polishing and burnishing of the same.

The Doctor is satisfied, from what he saw, and from recent operations of his own, that no perfect Filling can be accomplished without using the Rubber Dam and separately **Annealing** and **Malleting** every strip of gold into the cavity by itself. **Gold thus condensed must last a lifetime.**

DR. BARNARD is happy to inform the public that the process of preparing and Filling a Tooth with the aid of **New Instruments and appliances** is almost as much a pastime with him now as is the insertion of Partial or Entire Sets of Teeth.

Persons not born with a gold tooth in their mouth can readily have a Gold Crown built on a decayed tooth or solid portion thereof that will LAST FOREVER.

OFFICE: DOUGLAS ST., SOUTH OF FORT, FIRST HOUSE ON THE RIGHT.

REMEMBER—**Rubber Dam, Green's Improved Electric Burring Engine and the best Filling Instruments of the highest authorities and manufactories in the States.**

ALL OPERATIONS NOW LESS TEDIOUS AND PAINFUL

Gold, Silver and Vulcanite Plates quickly repaired and Whole Sets completed at the shortest notice.

CELLULOID PLATES long since discarded by the Doctor.

None but first-class Operations performed.

oc10dw

Plummer & Pagden

AUCTIONEERS,

APPRAISERS, ACCOUNTANTS

COMMISSION AGENTS,

Wharf Street, Victoria

BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT THEY HAVE taken the large building on Wharf Street, opposite the foot of Yates Street. From their lengthened experience in the above branches of business, and by promptness and attention they hope to secure share of the public support.

Stocks, Stock in Trade or Furniture purchased for cash.

Liberal advances made on Consignments

Books kept or audited, balance sheets made out, tements prepared and a general Accountant's business confidentially transacted. jy4

F. S. BUSHELL,

PIANOFORTE TUNER AND REGULATOR,

y3 1y KANE STREET, VICTORIA.

EDUCATION.

CLASSES FOR YOUNG LADIES WILL be commenced on Wednesday, the 20th inst., in the house situated on the corner of Kane and Quadra streets, by competent teachers, under the immediate supervision of the Rev. E. Cridge and Mrs. Cridge.

A class for boys under 8 years of age will also be formed. For particulars apply to

ja14 MRS. CRIDGE.

Miscellaneous.

C. STROUSS & CO.,
18 & 20 Queen Victoria St., London.

STROUSS, BRIGGS, KURTZ & CO.,
Wharf Street, Victoria.

WHOLESALE.

STROUSS, BRIGGS, KURTZ & CO.

Offer to the Trade their Large Stock of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS;

Now in Store and to Arrive by Regular Steamers

DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTORIES.

MEN'S CLOTHING,

A Fine assortment of German, French, English and American Manufacture.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

In Fancy Trimmed Serge and Tweed Suits.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR.

In Shaker and Welch Flannel, Canton Flannel, Plain and Clouded Merino, Shetland, Pelerine and Mission Mills Flannel Goods.

Men's White Dress Shirts.

A Choice Assortment in Plain, Plaited and Fancy Fronts—the Latest Styles.

DUCK and DENIM.

Pants, Jumpers and Smocks in White, Brown and Mole Color, with Patent Leather Bindings.

HATS.

The Newest Styles in Men's Felt, Straw and Panama. Boys' Hats in great variety.

HOSIERY.

Men's, Boys', Women's, Girls and Misses

SHAWLS.

In Plaid Wool, Check Ottaman, Lama, Diagonal, Queensland, Striped Wove, &c.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR, JEWELLERY, LACES, SWISS NEEDLEWORK, BRAIDS, DRESS BUTTONS ASSORTED MILLINERY GOODS AND HABERDASHERY.

DRESS GOODS IN GREAT VARIETY.

LINENS, Damasks, Towels and Toweling,
CLOTHS in Beavers, Tweeds and Cassimeres,
PRINTED COTTONS, a choice lot, Gray & White Cottons
DENIMS, Tent Cloth and Hose Canvas,
FLANNELS, UMBRELLAS in great variety,
BLANKETS 2½, 3 and 4 point, English and California,
GRAIN SACKS, I. R. Boots,
Single and Double Barrelled GUNS.

Indian Traders would find it to their advantage to call and examine the various goods Suitable to their Trade before purchasing elsewhere.

LIQUORS and GROCERIES.

BRANDY—Sazarac and Hennessy, dark, in octs. and qrs., the Finest in the market—10 years old.
DO Hennessy, pale.
SHERRY—Duff Gordon, pale.
BOURBON WHISKY—"The Pride of Kentucky" and "Our Own Private Stock."
CHAMBERTIN BURGUNDY and California Wines.
No. 1 CHINA RICE, Dried Peaches, Currants,
SARDINES in ⅛s & ¼s, MUSTARD—Coleman's & French
TEA—Sutil Congou and Basket.
PICKLES—Crosse & Blackwell's, Wor. Sauce in pts. & ½pts.
VINEGAR in cks. 12½ and 25 gals., Lime Juice.
ORANGE and Lemon Marmalade, Peel.

ap2

General Abstract,

SHOWING the average amount of the Liabilities and Assets, within the Province of British Columbia, of the Bank of British North America, taken from the usual Weekly Statements during the Quarter ending 31st March, 1875:

Liabilities.		Assets.	
Notes in circulation not bearing interest	$101,880 00	Legal Tender Coin in Gold and Silver	$ 69,240 00
Balances due to other Banks and Branches	19,452 02	Gold Bullion	25,164 05
Deposits on call not bearing int	125,183 10	Notes and Cheques of other Banks	1,542 00
Deposits not on call bearing interest	411,945 43	Landed and other Property	18,000 00
		Balances due from other Banks & Branches	419,539 22
		Am't of all other Debts due to the Bank	148,186 12
Total amount of Liabilities	$658,460 55	Total amount of Assets	$711,611 39

Amount of Capital Stock paid up at the close of the Quarter ending 30th Sept., 1874.....$5,000,000
Rate of the last Dividend declared to the Shareholders.....10 per cent per annum
Amount of the last Dividend declared for half year.....$250,000
Amount of the Reserved Profits at the time of declaring such Dividend.....$1,201,643

[Signed] J. GOODFELLOW, Manager.

VICTORIA, 16th April, 1875. ANDREW B. RITCHIE, Act'g. Accountant.

I, JOHN GOODFELLOW, do hereby declare, that to the best of my knowledge and belief the foregoing Abstract is a true and faithful account of the average amount of Assets and Liabilities within this Province of the above Bank during the period specified, and that the same was made up from the Weekly Statements thereof, kept in pursuance of the provisions of the "Banking Act, 1864."

[Signed] J. GOODFELLOW.

Declared before me at Victoria, this 16th day of April, 1875.

ap17 [Signed] A. J. LANGLEY, J. P.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA

TOWING AND TRANSPORTATION COMP'Y

LIMITED,

Respectfully Notify Shipmasters and Others that the

Steamers GRAPPLER and BEAVER,

Under the command of Expepienced Captains, are now ready to tow vessels to NANAIMO, BURRARD INLET and elsewhere at Moderate Rates.

C. MORTON, Chairman,

p7 dw VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

NEW GOODS

HENRY SHORT,

Gun & Rifle Maker,

FORT ST., opp. Scotch House,

Has received from London direct, a Large Assortment of

DOUBLE AND SINGLE BARRELLED GUNS,

Central Fire Breech-Loaders,

FISHING TACKLE IN GREAT VARIETY,

Pocket and Sporting Cutlery, Powder Flasks, Shot Pouches, Game Bags, Cartridge Belts, Apparatus for Filling Cartridges for Breech-loaders and a full assortment of Gun Tackle.

GUNS MADE TO ORDER. REPAIRING NEATLY EXECUTED.

je11

THOS. FLETCHER

HAS REMOVED TO

FORT ST., next to Brown Jug Saloon,

He is now prepared to do all kinds of

REPAIRING IN METALS,
ELECTRO-GILDING,
ELECTRO-PLATING,

Old Electro-Plated Ware Re-plated. All work neatly executed. ap8

WOOD-TURNING ESTABLISHMENT.

Francis J. Venner

HAVING PURCHASED THE TOOLS, Turning Lathe, etc., of the late Joseph Essmar, Turner, corner of Fort and Blanchard streets, is fully prepared to execute all orders entrusted to care with dispatch.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Jan. 18th, 1875. fe19 3m

VICTORIA

BOOT AND SHOE

Manufactory.

ADJOINING THE POSTOFFICE, GOVERNMENT STREET,

THE PROPRIETOR, to meet the increasing demand for the productions of this establishment, would inform his customers and the public in general that he is prepared to take the field for the Spring Trade with

THE BEST STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES

In point of Excellence and Variety ever manufactured in the Province.

The Boots and Shoes made in this manufactory took the FIRST PRIZE at the Exhibition of the Agricultural Society in this City last Fall, since which the varieties manufactured have been largely supplemented by kinds in general request.

Dealers are invited to call and examine Samples and procure Price Lists.

W. HEATHORN, PROPRIETOR,

Wholesale Agents—Welch, Rithet & Co, Wharf Street,

N. B.—ALL GOODS AT RETAIL SOLD FOR CASH ONLY.

LEATHER & FINDINGS FOR SALE.

fe9

Closing Out. Closing Out.

POSITIVELY SELLING OFF!

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
& LIQUORS.

C. BOSSI,

GOVERNMENT STREET,

Having rented his store to the Belmont Boot and Shoe Company, will from this date commence to sell his large stock of

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS & LIQUORS

AT PRICES BELOW COST!

The Stock MUST BE CLOSED OUT by the 1st of April, after which date Premises have been Leased.

GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF BOTTLED LIQUORS

fe4 Terms Cash.

New Custom House Blanks FOR SALE IN ANY QUANTITY At the COLONIST OFFICE

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED DAILY BY DAVID W. HIGGINS, at his Office, Government street, Victoria, B. C.